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CLAIMS

- 1. Method for the management of subscriber functions, said method being used to manage subscriber functions in a telecommunication network (1), said subscriber functions being stored in records (2), characterised in that
- subscriber functions consistent with default function sets are stored in default records $(2^{00}, 2^{01}, \dots, 2^{0N})$;
- 10 the subscriber functions for each default subscriber are read from the default record $(2^{00}, 2^{01}, \dots, 2^{0N})$ concerned;
 - the subscriber functions for each special subscriber are stored in a subscriber-specific record $(2^1, 2^2, \dots, 2^N)$ for the subscriber concerned; and
 - the subscriber functions for each special subscriber are read from the subscriber-specific record $(2^1, 2^2, \dots, 2^N)$ for the subscriber concerned.
- 2. Method as defined in claim 1, cha20 racterised in that data indicating whether the subscriber is a default subscriber or a special subscriber is provided in conjunction with the telephone number of the subscriber.
- 3. Method as defined in claim 1 or 2. 25 characterised in that
 - when changes are made in the subscriber functions for a special subscriber, a check is performed to establish whether the changed functions correspond to any one of the default function sets; and
- if the changed functions correspond to one of the default function sets, then the special subscriber concerned is redefined as a default subscriber.
 - 4. Method as defined in any one of the preceding claims 1 3, characterised in that the subscriber functions for a special subscriber are not stored in a subscriber-specific record (2¹, 2²,...,2^N) until one of said functions is activated for use.